

MENTAL WELLBEING – NATIONAL AND LOCAL INDICATORS OF KEY INTERMEDIATE OUTCOMES

Intermediate Outcomes	National Indicators	Additional Local Indicators (from Improvement Service menu of local indicators, Version 2, October 2008)
MW1: Reduced proportion of people living in poverty	Indicator 10: Decrease the proportion of individuals living in poverty	A2: % of working age population economically active A3: Median earnings in £s for residents living in the local authority area who are employed A4: Number of claimants in receipt of out of work benefits per 1,000 population. The benefits are defined as Jobseekers Allowance, Incapacity Benefit and Income Support (carers, lone parents and others on income related benefits) B7: % of each household type with a net annual income of less than £10,000 per annum B29: Number of people experiencing multiple deprivation
MW2: Greater financial inclusion & better financial management by individuals	Indicator 30: Reduce number of working age people with severe literacy and numeracy problems	B30: % of households where respondents or partner has a bank, building society or credit union account
MW3: Reduction in fuel poverty levels		
MW4: Healthier workplaces		
MW5: Reduced sickness absence rates		
MW6: Better prospects of moving into good and sustained employment	Indicator 2: Increase the business start up rate Indicator 7: Increase the proportion of school leavers (from Scottish publicly funded schools) in positive and sustained destinations (FE, HE, employment or training) Indicator 13: Increase the social economy turnover Indicator 30: Reduce number of working age people with severe literacy and numeracy problems	A1: Net number and rate of new businesses formed in a local authority area on an annual basis A2: % of working age population economically active A4: Number of claimants in receipt of out of work benefits per 1,000 population. The benefits are defined as Jobseekers Allowance, Incapacity Benefit and Income Support (carers, lone parents and others on income related benefits) B2: Business start up survival rates after 3 years B5: Number and % of economically active working age residents with no qualifications B6: Employment rate
MW7: Less reported discrimination, harassment or abuse		B20: Number of hate crimes
MW8: More volunteering		
MW9: Greater mental health literacy across the public and professions	Indicator 15: Increase the average score of adults on the Warwick-Edinburgh Mental Wellbeing Scale by 2011	
MW10: Improved recovery from mental illness	Indicator 15: Increase the average score of adults on the Warwick-Edinburgh Mental Wellbeing Scale by 2011	B18: Estimated number of people being prescribed drugs for anxiety, depression or psychosis [though psychosis has different causes]
MW11: Fewer suicides		A20: Number of suicides per 10,000 population
MW12: Sustained or improved physical and mental wellbeing of offenders (Also BK8)		
MW13: Increased use of green space and more physical activity	Indicator 36: Increase the proportion of journeys to work made by public or active transport Indicator 37: Increase the proportion of adults making one or more visits to the outdoors per week	
MW14: Greater satisfaction with public services and local neighbourhoods	Indicator 28: Increase the % of adults who rate their neighbourhood as a good place to live Indicator 31: Increase positive public perception of the general crime rate in local areas Indicator 43: Improve people's perceptions of the quality of public services delivered Indicator 44: Improve the quality of healthcare experience	A22: % of adult residents stating their neighbourhood as a 'very good' or 'fairly good' place to live A23: % of adult residents stating they feel 'very safe' or 'fairly safe' when at home alone at night; % of adult residents stating they feel 'very safe' or 'fairly safe' when walking alone in the local neighbourhood after dark